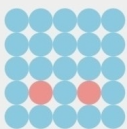




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## ABSTRACT

### *Analysis of Improvement of Sustainable Palm Oil Production Policies*

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*The purpose of this study was to analyze and compare the government of Indonesian policies on palm oil plantation industry, currently under authority of four policy makers : the Ministry of Agriculture, the Ministry of Forestry, the Ministry of Environment and the Ministry of Trade and to recommend improvements of sustainable palm oil production, identifies the impact of the government policy in improving the sustainable production of palm oil, analyzes the influence of the government policy on the economic, environmental, social and cultural community, and provide recommendations on the government policy to enhance the sustainable production of palm oil. The analysis success factors improvement of sustainable palm oil production policies was conducted using Exponential Comparison Method (MPE). The results of the MPE used to develop the research as follows: mapping of 4 (four) main problems; creating a policy matrix; performing comparative studies of policies and map the critical factors; formulation of alternative strategies that could improve the sustainable palm oil production, with expert discussion. The study found 4 (four) main problems in government policies are: licensing system for plantations, classification assessment system of plantations, planting on peat soil and lack of classification assessment auditors that have competence. These issues are covered in 21 regulations (laws, government regulations, presidential decisions, ministerial decisions, and presidential instructions).*

*Keywords : Palm oil, plantations, policies, sustainable palm oil production, government.*

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