ABSTRACT

The Implementation of National Agrarian Reform Program in the of City Banjarbaru
(An Analysis to the Subject Partisipaiton)

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Land as one of production factors has an ultimate priority for human being life, especially for Indonesian people, the relationship between land and human being as a fundamental. The existence of poor people, caused by it’s weakness to economic and political resources access by people, mainly to Land. The objectives of study are: (1) to identify the problems in the implementation of National Agrarian Reform Program (2) to identify the forms of subject participation in the implementation of National Agrarian Reform Program in city of Banjarbaru. (3) to identify and to analysis the other stakeholders participation in empowering subjects participation in National Agrarian Reform Program implementation

The study was carrying out in city of Banjarbaru, South Kalimantan Province. The data were collected from 12 respondents of the National Agrarian Reform Program and the other stakeholders who involved in National Agrarian Reform Program, consist of competence persons like Banjarbaru Regional Governmental Apparatus, Banjarbaru Land Office staffs, others governmental agents, main actors in the village (such as NGO and key informant). Qualitative method was used in this study to collect data from respondents by questioner technique, interview and direct observation in the field. The processed data was preserved in descriptive for the next action. The study results showed that participation of subjects was very positively significant and supporting of the other stakeholders to the National Agrarian Reform Program in city of Banjarbaru indicated very support to the National Agrarian Reform Program implementation.